Degrowth, Capitalism and Rødt – an Ecosocialist Perspective

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 An unwritten social energy contract between the government and the people

• The idea of zero growth never became dominant

 More of Everything – Faster, NOU 2023: 3 (regjeringen.no)

A fast growing green industrial complex

 Low-income sections of the population are alienated from a climate project resonating badly with their material interests

A lesson to be drawn

Ecosocialism

The commodity

• Use value. Exchange value. Surplus value

Political implications for degrowth

 The purpose of capitalist growth vs the purpose of ecosocialist degrowth Rødt's degrowth leaning policies

A two-price system for electricity

 Concrete measures to reduce the need for more power

Climate rebate

 Climate scientist James Hansen's Carbon fee and dividend proposal. What must be done if degrowth is to become a feasible political project?

- 1. A truly democratic and socially just degrowth based on the working-class and broad, progressive alliances
- 2. Degrowth strategies and policies guided by a realistic and critical analysis of capitalism
- 3. Structural, ecosocialist reforms mobilising the working people and changing the power balance

A full-blown Carbon Fee and Dividend

 Will generate broad support, not yellow west protests and nationalistic growth sympathies The higher the carbon fee, the more low- and middle-income groups will gain, and the more popular - and powerful! - the policy will be

 One thousand kroner to each person each month from 2026, increasing to 2 000 the next year, then 3000, and so on, for as long as it takes to get the emissions down to zero